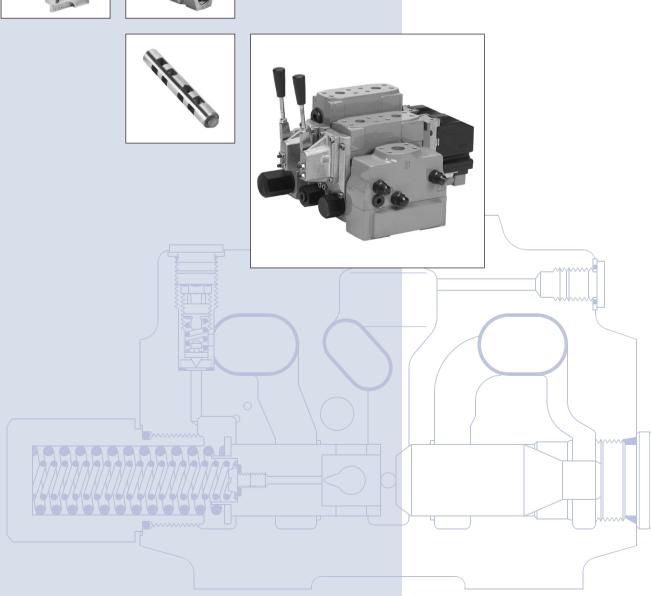


PVG 120 Proportional Valves

Technical Information









Contents

Contents	General	3
Function	Function	5
Hydraulic Systems	Hydraulic systems	7
Technical Data	Technical data	9
Electricqal Actuation	Electrical actuation	12
Modul and Code Numbers	Modules and code numbers PVP, pump side modules Accessory modules for PVP	
Technicals Characteristics	Technical characteristics	25
Dimensions	Dimensions	29
Systemsafety	System safety	32
Other Operating Conditions Conversion Factors	Other operating conditions conversion factors	37
Order Specifications	Order specification	39
Module Selection Chart	Module selection chart	42

© 2009 Sauer-Danfoss. All rights reserved.

Sauer-Danfoss accepts no responsibility for possible errors in catalogs, brochures and other printed material. Sauer -Danfoss reserves the right to alter its products without prior notice. This also applies to products already ordered provided that such alterations can be made without affecting agreed specifications. All trademarks in this material are properties of their respective owners. Sauer-Danfoss, the Sauer-Danfoss logotype, the Sauer-Danfoss S-icon, PLUS+1™, What really matters is inside® and Know-How in Motion™ are trademarks of the Sauer-Danfoss Group.



General

General

Valve system

Load sensing proportional valve type PVG 120 is a combined directional and flow control valve which is supplied as a valve group consisting of modules specified to match particular customer needs. The flexible nature of this valve will allow an existing valve bank to be easily adapted to suit changes in requirements.



P300 011

General characteristics

- Load-independent flow control:
 - Oil flow to an individual function is independent of the load of this function
 - Oil flow to one function is independent of the load pressure of other functions
- Good regulation characteristics
- Central pilot supply built in when the valves are actuated electrohydraulically
- Energy-saving
- Up to eight basic modules per valve group

Pump side module – PVP

- Built-in pressure relief valve
- System pressure up to 400 bar [5800 psi]
- Pressure gauge connection
- Versions:
 - Open centre version for systems with fixed displacement pumps
 - Open centre version prepared for an extra relief module
 - Closed centre version for systems with variable displacement pumps
 - Closed centre version without system pressure relief valve for variable displace ment pumps with built-in pressure relief valve.

Basic module - PVB

- Integrated pressure compensator in channel P
- Interchangeable spools
- Depending on requirements the basic module can be supplied with:
 - Shock/suction valves
 - Adjustable LS pressure limiting valve for ports A and B
 - LS connection
 - Module for oil flows exceeding 180 l/min [47.6 gpm]
 - Different spool variants

Actuation modules

The basic module is always fitted with mechanical actuation PVM, which can be combined with the following as required:

- Electrical actuation
 - PVEH- proportional, high performance (11 32 V==)
 - PVEO On/off (12 V == or 24 V ==)
- Cover for hydraulic remote control, PVH
- Cover for mechanically actuated valve group, PVMD

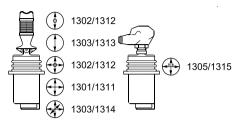


General

General

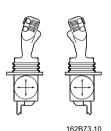
Remote controls units

• PVRE, electrical control unit, 162F...

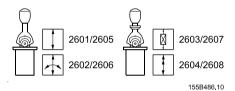


155B566.10

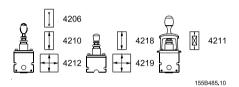
• Prof 1, 162F...



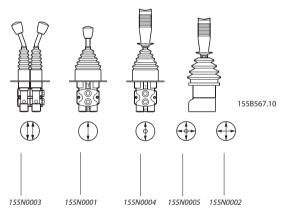
• PVREL, electrical control unit, 155U...



• PVRES, electrical control unit, 155B...



• PVRH, hydraulic control unit, 155N...



Electronic accessories

- EHF, low adjustment unit
- EHR, ramp generator
- EHS, speed control
- EHSC, closed loop speed control
- EHA, alarm logic
- EHC, closed loop position control



PVG 120 Proportional Valve DANFOSS Technical Information **Function**

PVG 120 with **Open Centre PVP** When the pump is started and the main spools (1) in the individual basic modules are in neutral position, oil flows from the pump, through connection P, across the pressure adjustment spool (2) to tank.

The oil flow led across the pressure adjustment spool determines the pump pressure (stand-by pressure). If a reduced stand-by pressure is required, an extra relief valve PVPH or PVPE can be used in PVP (see characteristics for neutral flow pressure, page 25).

When the main spools are actuated the highest load pressure is distributed across the shuttle valve circuit (3) to the spring chamber behind the pressure adjustment spool (2) and completely or partly closes the connection to tank.

The pump pressure is applied to the right-hand side of the pressure adjustment spool (2). The pressure relief valve (4) opens when the load pressure exceeds the set value, allowing pump flow to be diverted back to tank.

In the basic module the compensator (5) maintains a constant pressure drop across the main spool – both when the load changes and when a module with a higher load pressure is activated.

Shock and suction valves with a fixed setting (7) and the suction valves (8) on ports A and B are used to protect individual working functions against overload.

In the basic module it is possible to build in an adjustable LS pressure relief valve (6) to limit the pressure from each working function.

The LS pressure limiting valve saves energy:

- Without LS pressure limiting valve all the oil flow to the working function will be led across the combined shock and suction valves to tank if the pressure exceeds the fixed setting of the valves.
- With LS pressure limiting valve an oil flow of only about 2 l/min [0.5 US gal/min] will be led across the LS pressure limiting valve to tank if the pressure exceeds the valve setting.

PVG 120 with **Closed Centre PVP** In the closed centre version an orifice (9) has been fitted instead of the plug. This means that the pressure adjustment spool (2) will only open to tank when the pressure in channel P exceeds the pressure relief valve setting (4).

In load sensing systems the load pressure is led to the pump regulator via the LS connection (10). So the orifices (11) have been removed, and a plug (12) has been fitted instead of one of the orifices.

In neutral position the pump regulator will set the displacement so that leakage in the system is just compensated for.

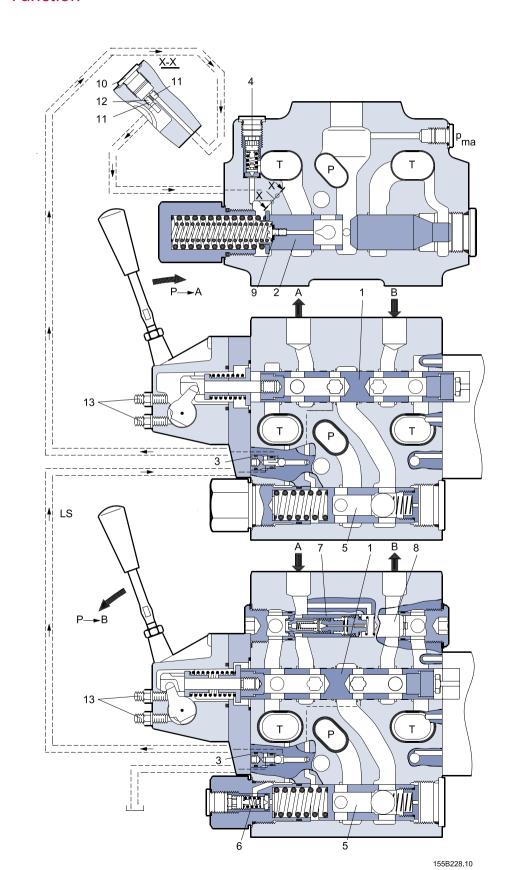
When a main spool is activated, the pump regulator will adjust the displacement so that the set differential pressure between P and LS is maintained.

The pressure relief valve (4) in PVP is set for a pressure of about 30 bar [435 psi] above maximum system pressure (set at the pump or an external pressure relief valve). If the system or the pump regulation has a pressure relief valve, it is possible to use a PVPV pump side module, without integrated pressure adjustment spool and pressure relief valve.



Function

PVG 120 Sectional Drawing



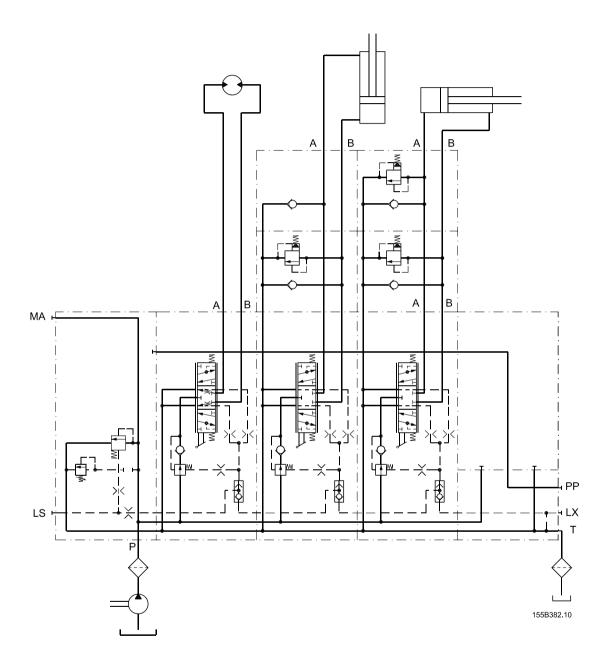
- 1. Main spool
- 2. Pressure adjustment spool in PVP
- 3. Shuttle valve
- 4. Pressure relief valve in PVP
- 5. Pressure compensator in PVB
- 6. LS pressure relief valve in PVB
- 7. Shock and suction valve PVLP
- 8. Suction valve PVLA
- 9. Orifice, closed centre PVP Plug, open centre PVP
- 10. LS connection
- 11. Orifice, open centre PVP
- 12. Plug, closed centre PVP



Hydraulic Systems

Examples

PVG 120 with fixed displacement pump

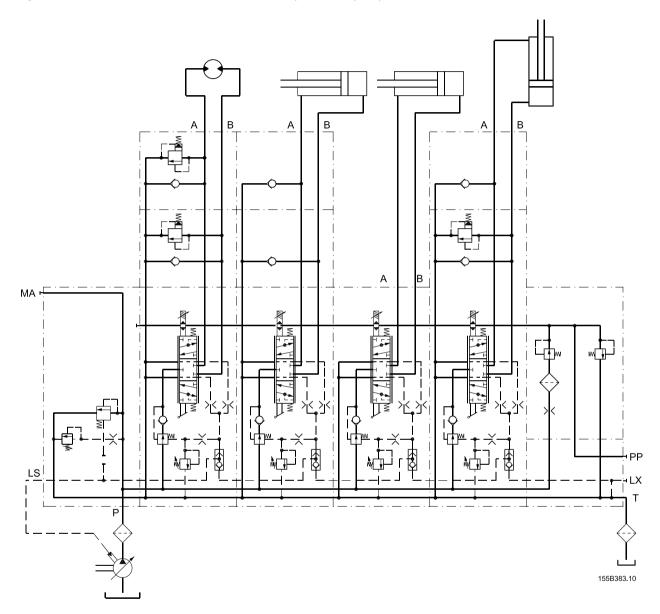




PVG 120 Proportional Valve Technical Information Hydraulic Systems

Examples

PVG 120 with variable displacement pump





Technical Data

PVG 120 Valve Group

	Dt D	continuous	350 bar	[5075 psi]
	Port P	intermittent ¹⁾	400 bar	[5800 psi]
Max. pressure	Port A/B		400 bar	[5800 psi]
	Port T, static/dyr	namic	25 bar/40 bar	[365/580 psi]
Oil flavy (and	Port P, rated max	Κ.	240/300 l/min	[63.4/79.3 gpm]
Oil flow, (see characteristics page 26)	Port A/B		65/95/130/180/ 210/240 l/min ²⁾	[17.2/25.1/34.3/47.6/ 55.5/63.4 gpm 2)]
Spool travel			± 8 mm	[± 0.32 in]
Dead band (± 25%)			± 2 mm	[± 0.08 in]
Max. internal leakage at	A/B→T, without shockvalve		90 cm ³ /min	[5.5 in ³ /min]
100 bar, 21 mm ² /s	A/B→T, with shockvalve		95 cm ³ /min	[5.6 in ³ /min]
011	Recommended temperature		30 to 60°C	[86 to 140°F]
Oil temperature (inlet temperature)	Min. temperature		-30°C	[-22°F]
(iniet temperature)	Max. temperature		+90°C	[+194°F]
Ambient temperature			−30 to +60°C	[-22 to +140°F]
	Operating range	2	12 to 75 mm ² /s	[65 SUS to 347 SUS]
Oil viscosity	Min. viscosity		4 mm ² /s	[39 SUS]
	Max. viscosity		460 mm ² /s	[2128 SUS]
Filtering (See page 38)	Max. contamina	tion (ISO 4406)	23/19/16	
Oil consumption in pressure reduction valve for PVT at PVE pilot-oil supply		0.4 l/min	[0.1 gpm]	

- Intermittent operation: the permissible values may occur for max. 10% of every minute.
- See page 24 regarding the ordering or conversion of valve groups for oil flows exceeding 180 l/min [47.6 gpm].

Mechanical Actuation PVM

Regulation range, control lever		±19	9,5°
		Neutral position	Max. spool travel
	PVM + PVMD	2.8 ± 0.2 N·m [24.8 ± 1.8 lbf·in]	4.0 ± 0.2 N•m [35.5 ± 1.8 lbf•in]
Operating force	PVM + PVE 1)	2.8 ± 0.2 N•m [24.8 ± 1.8 lbf•in]	4.0 ± 0.2 N•m [35.5 ± 1.8 lbf•in]
	PVM + PVH	4.7 ± 0.2 N·m [41.6 ± 1.8 lbf•in]	12.8 ± 0.2 N•m [113.3 ± 1.8 lbf•in]
Possible control lever positions (see page 31)	Number	2>	· 5

¹⁾ without voltage PVE

Hydraulic Actuation PVH

Control range	5 to 15 bar	[75 to 220 psi]
Max. pilot pressure, static	35 bar	[510 psi]
Max. pressure on port T 1)	3 bar	[45 psi]

¹⁾ It is recommended that the tank connection from the hydraulic remote control unit PVRH is taken direct to



PVG 120 Proportional Valve

Technical Data

PVE Electrical Actuation

Actuation			PVEO ON/OFF	PVEH Proportional High
Hysteresis (applies to thonly) 1)	e electrical actuation	Typical	-	4%
Reaction time from neutral position to max.		Typical	250 ms	250 ms
spool travel		Max.	350 ms	280 ms
Reaction time from max	k. spool travel to neutral	Typical	240 ms	150 ms
position ²⁾		Max.	330 ms	200 ms
Dilat ail flaw pr DVE	Neutral position withou	ıt voltage	0 l/min / [l	JS/gal min]
Pilot oil flow pr. PVE Locked with voltage 3)			0 l/min / [US/gal min]	
Enclosure to IEC 529			IP	65

¹⁾ The hysteresis is stated at rated and f = 0.02 Hz for a cycle. One cycle includes the movement from neutral position to max. spool travel direction A, via neutral position to max. spool travel in direction B, and back to neutral position. Further information can be obtained by contacting the Sales Organization for Sauer-

PVEO

		PV	EO
	rated	12 V DC	24 V DC
Supply voltage U _{DC}	range	11 V to 15 V	22 V to 30 V
	max. ripple	5	%
Current consumption at rated voltage		0.65 A @ 12 V	0.33 A @ 24 V
Signal voltage (DVEM)	neutral	0.5 x U _{DC}	
Signal voltage (PVEM)	A -port \leftrightarrow B -port	0.25 • U _{DC} to 0.75 • U _{DC}	
Signal current at rated voltage (PVEM)		0.25 mA	0.50 mA
Input impedance in relation to 0.5 • U _{DC}		12 ΚΩ	
Power consumption		8	W

PVEH

			PVI	EH
		rated	11 V to 32 V	
Supply voltage	U_DC	range	11 V to	32 V
		max. ripple	59	%
Current consur	nption at rated vol	tage	0.57 (0.33) A @ 12 V	0.3 (0.17) A @ 24 V
		neutral	0.5 x U _{DC}	
Signal voltage	Signal voltage		0.25 • U _{DC} to 0.75 • UDC	
Signal current a	at rated voltage		0.25 mA to 0.70 mA	
Input impedan	ce in relation to 0.5	5 • U _{DC}	12 ΚΩ	
Input capacitor	r		100 ηF	
Power consum	ption		7 (3.5	5) W
		Max. load	100 mA	60 mA
PVEH	Active	Reaction time at fault	500	ms
FVLII	Passive	Reaction time at fault	250	ms

²⁾ Reaction times for PVEH is reduced by 20 by 30 ms if the voltage is not interrupted during the neutral positioning (remote control lever without neutral position switch).

³⁾ Total oil consumtion for a spool movement from N to full A or B: 0.0035 I [0.0009 US gal]



Technical Data

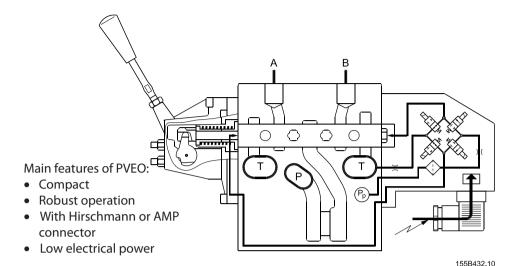
PVPE, **Electrical Relief Valve, Normally Open**

Max. operation pressure	350 bar [5085 psi]			
Max. pressure drop a an flow of 0.20 l/min. [0.053 US gal/min]		1.2 bar [17 psi]		
	Recommended temperature	30 to 60°C [86 to 140°F]	
Oil temperature (inlet temperature)	Min. temperature	−30°C	[–22°F]	
	Max. temperature	+90°C [+194°F]	
Max. coil surface temperature		155°C	[311°F]	
Ambient temperature		−30 to +60°C [–22 to +140°F]	
	Operating range	12 to 75 mm2/s [65 to 347 SU		
Oil viscosity	Min. viscosity	4 mm ² /s [39 SUS]		
	Max. viscosity	460 mm ² /s [2128 SUS]		
Response time for pressure relief to tank		600	600 ms	
Enclosure to. IEC 529		IP	65	
Rated voltage		12 V	24 V	
Max.permissible deviation from rated su	oply voltage	± 10 %	± 10 %	
Command and a second second second second	at 22°C [72°F] coil temperature	1.55 A	0.78 A	
Current consumption at rated voltage	at 85°C [230°F] coil temperature	1.00 A	0.50 A	
Davier and automation	at 22°C [72°F] coil temperature	19 W	19 W	
Power consumption	at 85°C [230°F] coil temperature	12 W	12 W	

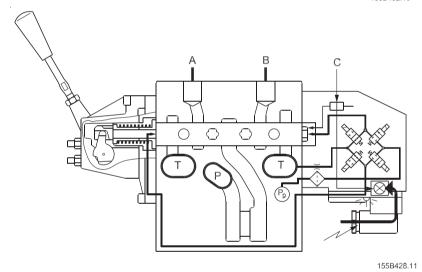


Electrical Actuation

PVEO, ON-OFF



PVEH, Proportional High



PVEH adjusts the main spool position so that it corresponds to an electrical control signal – for example from a remote control unit.

The control signal (set-point signal) is converted into a hydraulic pressure which moves the main spool. The position of the main spool is converted in the positional transducer (C) to an electric signal (feed-back signal). This signal is registered by the electronics.

The variation between the set-point signal and feed-back signal actuates the solenoid valves. Thus the hydraulic pressure moves the main spool into the correct position.

Special features of PVEH:

- Inductive transducer
- Integrated pulse width modulation
- Low hysteresis
- Fast reaction time
- Hirschmann or AMP connector
- Fault monitoring with transistor output for signal source
- Low electrical power
- No set-up procedure



PVG 120 Proportional Valve SAUERPVG 120 Proportional Technical Information

Flectrical Actuation

PVEH, **LVDT-Transducer**

LVDT, Inductive transducer (Linear Variable Differential Transformer).

When the main spool is moved a voltage is induced proportional to the spool position. The use of LVDT gives contact-free (proximity) registration of the main spool position. This means an extra-long working life and no limitation as regards the type of hydraulic fluid used. In addition, LVDT gives a precise position signal of high resolution.

PVEH. **Pulse Width Modulation**

Integrated pulse width modulation

Positioning of the main spool in PVEH is based on the pulse width modulation principle. As soon as the main spool reaches the required position, modulation stops and the spool is locked in position.

PVEH, **Fault Monitoring**

A fault monitoring system is provided in all PVEA, PVEH and PVES modules. The system is available in two versions:

- The active fault monitoring type, which provides a warning signal, deactivates the solenoid valves and drives the spool in neutral.
- The passive fault monitoring type, which provides a warning signal only. Both active and passive fault monitoring systems are triggered by three main events:

1. Input signal monitoring

The input signal voltage is continuously monitored. The permissible range is between 15% and 85% of the supply voltage. Outside this range the section will switch into an active error state.

2. Transducer supervision

If one of the wires to the LVDT sensor is broken or short-circuited, the section will switch into an active error state.

3. Supervision of the closed loop

The actual position must always correspond to the demanded position (input signal). If the actual spool position is further than the demanded spool position (>12%, PVEA: >25%), the system detects an error and will switch into an active error state. On the other hand, a situation where the actual position is closer to neutral than that demanded will not cause an error state. This situation is considered "in control". When an active error state occurs, the fault monitoring logic will be triggered:

Active fault monitoring

- A delay of 500 ms (PVEA: 750 ms) before anything happens.
- The solenoid valve bridge will be disabled and all solenoid valves will be released.
- An alarm signal is sent out through the appropriate pin connection.
- This state is memorized and continues until the system is actively reset (by turning off the supply voltage).

Passive fault monitoring

- A delay of 250 ms (PVEA: 750 ms) before anything happens.
- The solenoid valve bridge will not be disabled but still control the main spool position.
- An alarm signal is sent out through the appropriate pin connection.
- This state is not memorized. When the erroneous state disappears, the alarm signal will turn to passive again. However, the signal will always be active for a minimum of 100 ms when triggered.



Electrical Actuation

PVEH, Fault Monitoring (continued) To prevent the electronics from going into an undefined state, a general supervision of the power supply and the internal clock frequency is made. This function applies to PVEH - and will not activate fault monitoring:

1. High supply voltage

The solenoid valves are disabled when the supply voltage exceeds 36 V, and the main spool will return/stay in neutral.

2. Low supply voltage:

The solenoid valves are disabled when the supply voltage falls below 8.5 V, and the main spool will return/stay in neutral.

3. Internal clock

The solenoid valves are disabled when the internal clock frequency fails, and the main spool will return/stay in neutral.

A WARNING

It's up to the customer to decide on the required degree of safety for the system (see PVE series 4 catalogue DKMH.PK.570.A1.02, page 19).

Note:

Different degrees of safety are described on pages 33 to 36.

The fault monitoring does not work if the supply voltage to PVEH is cut off - for example by a neutral position switch (see page 33).

When using PVEH with passive fault monitoring it is up to the customer to decide on the degree of safety required for the system (see page 33).

Fault Monitoring Specification

Туре	Fault monito- ring	Delay before error out	Error mode	Error output status	Fault output on PVE	LED light	Memory (reset needed)
PVEO	No fault monitoring	-	-	-	-	-	-
			No fault	Low	< 2 V	Green	-
	Activo	Active 500 ms	Input signal faults			Flashing red	
	Active			Transducer (LVDT)	High	~U _{DC}	Constant red
PVEH			Close loop fault			Constant red	
PVEH			No fault	Low	< 2 V	Green	-
	Dassiva	250 ms	Input signal faults			Flashing red	
	Passive		Transducer (LVDT)	High	~U _{DC}	Constant red	No
			Close loop fault			Constant red	

 $^{^{1)}\,\}mathrm{Measured}$ between fault output pin and ground

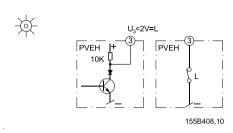


Electrical Actuation

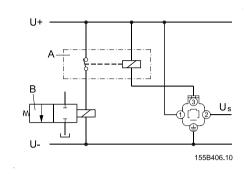
PVEH, Connection to Fault Monitoring Output

Green

Transistor output function

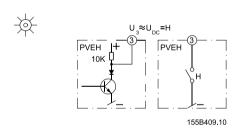


Normal

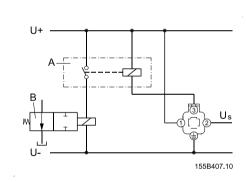


- A: External relay
- B: Solenoid valve (e.g. PVPE)

Red Transistor output function



Fault



- A: External relay
- B: Solenoid valve (e.g. PVPE)

Via an external relay pin 3 can be connected to an electrically actuated valve which will relieve pump oil flow to tank, e.g. PVPE.

Other connections possible:

- a valve to relieve the LS signal
- a signal lamp, an alarm horn
- pump cut-out, etc.



PVG 120 Proportional Valve

Modules and Code Numbers

PVP and PVPV, Pump Side Modules

Symbol	Description		Code number
LS T MA	0	Metric flange	155G5021
	Open centre PVP for pumps with fixed displacement. Pressure gauge connection.	SAE flange	155G5037
	Tressure gauge connection.	O-ring boss	155G5023
	Open centre PVP for oil flow exceeding	Metric flange	155G5027
	180 l/min. [47.55 US gallon/min] For pumps with fixed displacement.	SAE flange	155G5029
155B368.10	Pressure gauge connection.	O-ring boss	155G5028
LS MA	Closed centre PVP for pumps with variable displacement. Pressure gauge connection.	Metric flange	155G5020
		SAE flange	155G5038
P		O-ring boss	155G5022
LS		Metric flange	155G5030
P	Closed centre PVPV without pressure relief valve. For pumps with variable displacement. Pressure gauge connection	SAE flange	155G5032
		O-ring boss	155G5031
155B372.10	21, 15, 52,		

Port connections: P = 1 in SAE flange (415 bar [6020 psi]); MA = $G^{1/4}$; LS = $G^{3/8}$ $P = 1^{1/16} - 12$ UN O-ring Boss 6020 psi; MA = $^{1/2} - 20$ UNF O-ring Boss; LS = $^{3/4} - 16$ UNF O-ring Boss



PVP, Accessories for Open Centre Pump Side Modules

Symbol	Description	Code number
	Prop, PVPD	155G5041
* MA - MA - 155B369.10	PVEH, hydraulically actuated relief valve	155G5061*
LS MA	PVPE,) 155G5052
155B370.10	electrically actuated relief valve. Normally open solenoid valve (12 V	<u></u>) 155G5054

^{*} Connection for external pilot pressure: only available with G $^{1}/_{4}$ thread



Modules and Code Numbers

PVB, Basic Modules

Symbol	Description	Code number	
		No facilities for shock valves A/B (low modules)	Facilities for shock valves A/B (high modules)
	Metric flange	155G6014	155G6005
1 0 2 A	Pressure compensated SAE flange basic module	155G6016	155G6007
155B376.10	O-ring boss	155G6015	155G6006

Port connections: A/B: 3/4 in SAE flange 415 bar [6020 psi];

A/B: 1 1/16-12 UN O-ring Boss 415 bar [6020 psi]



PVB, Accessories for Basic Modules

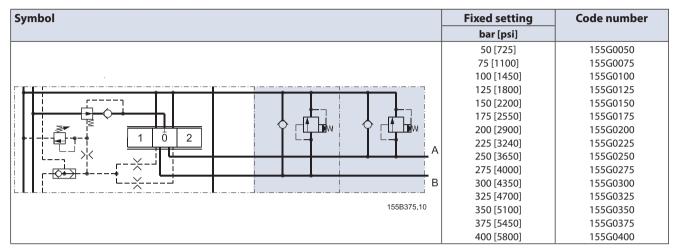
Symbol	Description	Code number
1 0 2 A A B B 155B376.10	PVBP, plug	155G6081
* 1 0 2	PVBU, module for oil flow exceeding 180 l/min [47.6 US gallon/min]. Connection for external LS pressure relief.	155G6035
A A A B B A 155B436.10	PVBC, connection for external LS pressure relief.	155G6082
1 0 2 A A 155B377.10	PVBR, LS-pressure relief valve for ports A/B-port	155G6080

Port connections: $\,G^{\,1/4}$: only available with $\,G^{\,1/4}$ thread

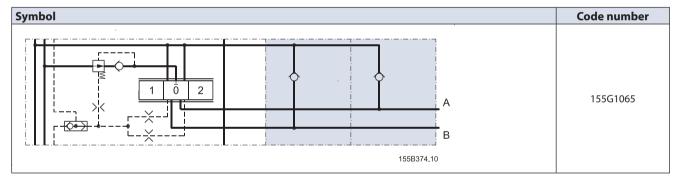


Modules and Code Numbers

PVLP,
Shock and Suction Valves for A and B Port Connections



PVLA, Suction Valve





PVBS, Main Spools

Symbol	ISO Symbol	Description	Code number Size			
			A 65 l/min [17.2 US gal/ min]	B 95 l/min [25.1 US gal/ min]	C 130 l/min [34.3 US gal/ min]	D ¹⁾ 180 l/min [47.6 US gal/ min]
A B TPT 155B235.10	A B T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	4-way, 3-position. Closed neutral position	155G6452	155G6454	155G6456	155G6458
A B TPT 155B236.10	A B	4-way, 3-position. Throttled, open neutral position		155G6464	155G6466	155G6468
TPT 155B226.10	B T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	3-way, 3-position P → B			155G6476	155G6478

¹⁾ Main spool D is used for oil flow exceeding 180 l/min [47.6 US gal/min]



PVG 120 Proportional Valve

Modules and Code Numbers

PVM, **Mechanical Actuation**

Symbol	Description		Code number
V _M 1 0 2 _W	PVM, standard, spring centered mechanical actuation.	22.5°	155G3040
155B387.10	Individual oil flow adjustment to ports A and B.	37.5°	155G3041
1 0 2 _M	PVM, mechanical actuation for hydraulically operated valves.	22.5°	155G3050
155B387.10	Individual oil flow adjustment to ports A and B.	37.5°	155G3051

PVMD,

Cover for Mechanical Actuation

Symbol	Description	Code number
	PVMD,	
	cover for purely mechanically operated valve	155G4061

PVH, Hydraulic Actuation

Symbol	Description		Code number
1 0 2	PVH, cover for hydraulically operated valve.	G 1/4	155G4022
155B339.10		1/2 in-20 UNF	155G4021

PVE, **Electrical Actuation**

Symphol	Dosgrintion		Code number		
Symbol	Description		Hirschmann	AMP	
1 0 2	PVEO,		155G4272	155G4282	
155B388.10	ON/OFF	24 V	155G4274	155G4284	
1 0 2 155B389.10	PVEH, Proportional high. Puls width modulation, short rea low hysteresis, active fault moni inductive transducer	′	155G4092	155G4094	
1 0 2 155B389.10	PVEH, Proportional high. Puls width modulation, short reaction time, low hysteresis, passive fault monitoring, inductive transducer		155G4093	155G4095	

PVT, Tank Side Modul

Symbol	Description		Code number
Upper part	Upper part:	Metric flange	155G7020
<u> </u>	LS->T	SAE flange	155G7022
P301 1	45,	O-ring boss	155G7021
Upper part	Upper part:	Metric flange	155G7023
<u> </u>	LS -> LX-port	SAE flange	155G7025
P301 1	46.	O-ring boss	155G7024
Lower part	Lower part:	Mounting thread metric	155G7060
155B435	Without active elements	Mounting thread UNF	155G7062
Lower part	Lower part:	Mounting thread metric	155G7040
×	PVE, pilot oil supply for electrical actuations. Filter mesh: 125µm	Mounting thread UNF	155G7042
<u> </u>	Lower part:	Mounting thread metric	155G7043
155B381.10	PVH, pilot oil supply for hydraulic actuations. Filter mesh: 125µm	Mounting thread UNF	155G7044

Port connections: T = 1 in SAE flange 210 bar [3045 psi]; $PP = G 3/8 [^3/8 \text{ in SAE}] LX = G 3/8 [^3/8 \text{ in SAE}]$.

 $T = \frac{15}{16} - 12$ UN O-ring Boss 3045 psi; PP = $\frac{3}{4}$ - 16 UNF O-ring Boss; LX = $\frac{3}{4}$ - 16 UNF O-ring Boss

PVAS, Assembly Kit

		Code number 155G								
	1 PVB	2 PVB	3 PVB	4 PVB	5 PVB	6 PVB	7 PVB	8 PVB		
Tie bolts and seals	155G8031	155G8032	155G8033	155G8034	155G8035	155G8036	155G8037	155G8038		



Modules and Code Numbers

Modules for Oil Flow Exceeding 180 l/min [47.6 US gal/min]

Pump with fixed displacement

I. Ordering:

Order accessory module 155G6035, main spool D, and pump side modules 155G5027/155G5028/155G5029.

2. Conversion:

In open centre systems a max. oil flow exceeding 180 l/min [47.6 US gal/min] is achieved by changing the following parts in the pump side and basic modules:

- Open centre pump side module
- a) Pressure adjustment spool
- b) The springs behind the pressure adjustment spool
- c) The plug behind the pressure adjustment spool Parts from kit 155G5035 may be used.
- Closed centre pump side module

A closed centre pump side module can be changed into an upgraded open centre pump side module by means of kit 155G5035.

- Basic module
- a) Spring behind pressure compensator
- b) The plug behind the pressure compensator

Spring and plug with code number 155G6035 (PVBU, accessory module).

Pump with variable displacement

1. Ordering:

Order accessory module 155G6035 and main spool D.

2. Conversion:

In closed centre systems a max. oil flow exceeding 180 l/min [47.6 US gal/min] can be achieved by changing the following basic module parts:

- a) Spring behind pressure compensator
- b) The plug behind the pressure compensator

The code number of the spring and plug is 155G6035 (PVBU, accessory module).



Technical Characteristics

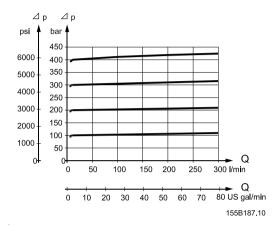
General

All characteristics and values in this Technical Information are typical measured results. For the hydraulic system a mineral based hydraulic oil with a viscosity of $21 \, \text{mm}^2/\text{s}$ [102 SUS] and a temperature of 50°C [122°F] was used.

PVP, Pump Side Module

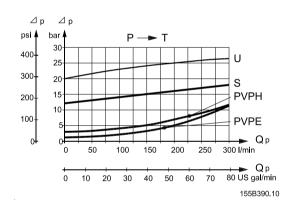
PVP, pressure relief valve characteristic

The pressure relief valve is adjustable within the 50-400 bar [725-6225 psi] range by means of a screw.



PVP, neutral flow pressure in PVP, open centre

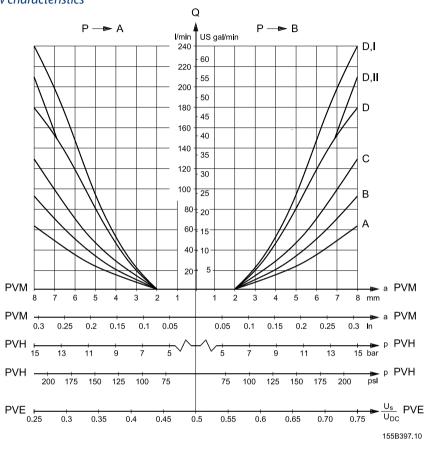
U = PVP for PVB oil flow > 180 l/min [47.6 US gal/min] S = PVP, standard





Technical Characteristics

PVB, Basic Module Oil flow characteristics



A : 65 l/min [17.2 US gal/min] rated oil flow

3 : 95 l/min [25.1 US gal/min] rated oil flow

C : 130 l/min [34.3 US gal/min] rated oil flow

D : 180 l/min [47.6 US gal/min] rated oil flow

D.I : 240 l/min [63.4 US gal/min] rated oil flow

(Closed centre system with basic module for oil flow > 180 l/min [47.6 US gal/min])

D.II: 210 l/min [55.5 US gal/min] rated oil flow

(Open centre system with basic module for oil flow > 180 l/min [47.6 US gal/min] and pump side module 155G5027/155G5028/155G5029).

U_S = Signal voltage

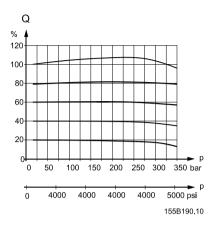
 U_{DC} = Supply voltage



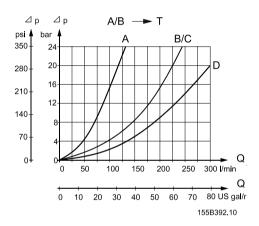
Technical Characteristics

PVB, Basic Module Load independent oil flow Pressure drop (Q) T in neutral position (spools with open neutral position) (p)

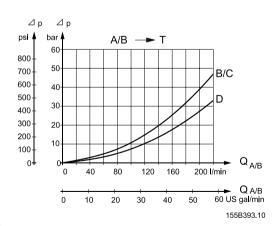
The oil flow (Q) is shown as a function of the load (p).



Pressure drop A/B \rightarrow T at full spool travel



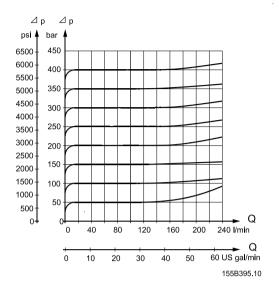
Pressure drop A/B \rightarrow T in neutral position (spools with open neutral position)





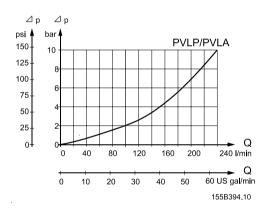
PVG 120 Proportional Valve Technical Information Technical Characteristics

PVLP, Shock Valve (Pressure Relief Valve in PVLP) The shock valve PVLP is designed to absorb shock effects. Consequently, it shall not be used as a pressure relief valve.



PVLP/PVLA,
Suction Function

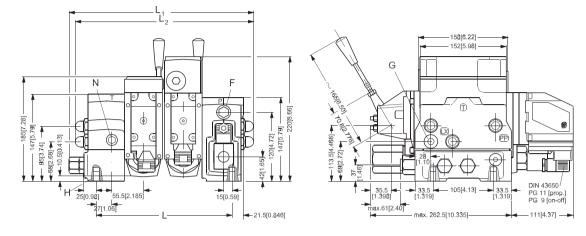
PVLP/PVLA, suction function characteristics

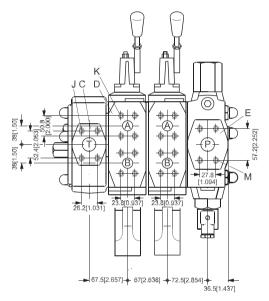


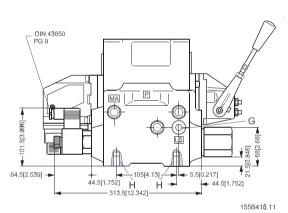


Dimensions

Valve Dimensions







155B417.11

C: 1 in SAE flange (210 bar) – [1 in SAE flange/ $1.5/_{16}$ - 12 UN O-ring Boss (3045 psi)]

D: $^{3}\!\!/_{4}$ in SAE flange (415 bar) – [$^{3}\!\!/_{4}$ in SAE flange/1 $^{1}\!\!/_{16}$ - 12 UN O-ring Boss (6020 psi)]

E: 1 in SAE flange (415 bar) – [1 in SAE flange/ $1^{5}/_{16}$ - 12 UN O-ring Boss (6020 psi)]

 $F: G^{1/4} - [^{1}/_{2} in - 20 UNF]$

 $G: G^{3/8}-[^{3/4} in - 16 UNF]$

H: M12; 18 mm deep $-[^{7}/_{16}$ - 14 UNC; 0.7 in deep]

J: M10; 17 mm deep – $[^3/_8$ - 16 UNC; 0.7 in deep]

 $K\ :\ M10;\,17\ mm\ deep$ – $[^3/_8\ -\ 16\ UNC;\,0.7\ in\ deep]$

M: M12; 18 mm deep $-[\frac{7}{16}$ - 14 UNC; 0.7 in deep]

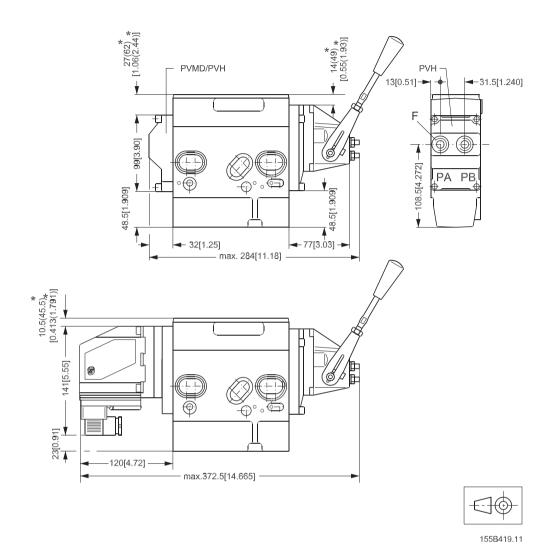
N: $G^{3/8} - [^{3/4} in - 16 UNF]$

PVB		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	mm	170	237	304	371	438	505	572	639
L	[in]	[6.69]	[9.33]	[11.97]	[14.61]	[17.24]	[19.88]	[22.51]	[25.16]
L1	mm	263.5	330.5	397.5	464.5	531.5	598.5	665.5	732.5
LI	[in]	[10.38]	[13.02]	[15.66]	[18.30]	[20.94]	[23.58]	[26.22]	[28.86]
L2	mm	255	322	389	456	523	590	657	724
	[in]	[10.05]	[12.69]	[15.33]	[17.97]	[20.61]	[23.25]	[25.89]	[28.53]



Dimensions

General Dimensions



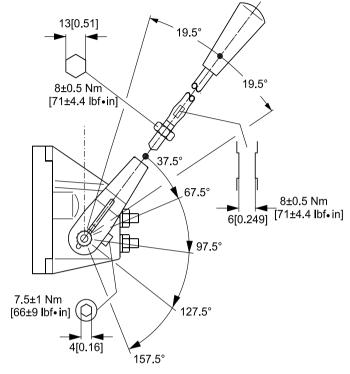
F: G ¹/₄ [¹/₂ in - 20 UNF]

* Dimensions in parenthesis apply to high basic modules



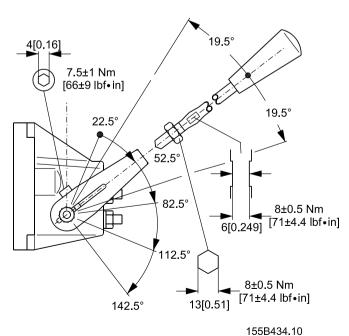
Lever Positions

PVM, Lever Positions Base with an angle of 37.5°



155B433.10

Base with an angle of 22.5°



31



PVG 120 Proportional Valve SAUER PVG 120 Proportional Technical Information

System Safety

Building in Safety

All makes and all types of directional control valves (incl. proportional valves) can fail. So for each application the necessary protection against the consequences of function failure should be built in.

For each application an assessment should be made of the consequences of pressure failure and uncontrolled or blocked movements.

To determine the degree of protection that ought to be built into the system, Sauer-Danfoss makes the following distinctions:

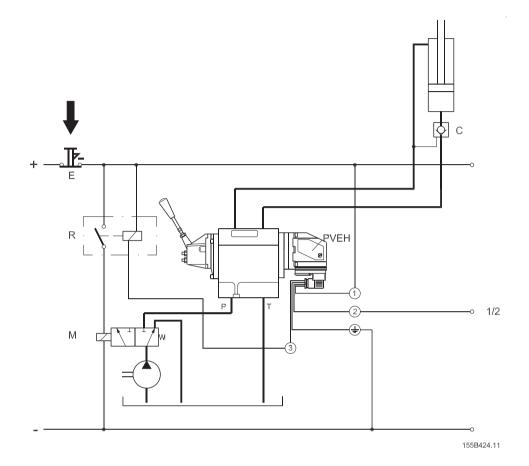
- 1. Maximum safety demands
- 2. High safety demands
- 3. Average safety demands
- 4. Limited safety demands

See examples on pages 33, 34, 35 and 36.



System Safety

1. Maximum Safety Demands



When the fault monitoring system in PVEH is connected, the reaction to electrical and mechanical faults (e.g. a spool seizure) is fast and operator-independent. See page 13 "fault monitoring".

A system can be protected against many electrical, hydraulic and mechanical faults by building in components as shown in the diagram:

R: Alarm logic EHA (or relay) connected to the fault monitoring system in PVEH

E: Electrical emergency stop

M: Solenoid valve

C: Pilot-operated check valve

The alarm logic EHA (or relay) cuts off current to the solenoid valve (M) when PVEH monitoring registers a fault.

The solenoid valve then leads the oil flow direct from pump to tank. Thus all functions are without operating pressure, i.e. locked in position, because there is no pilot pressure on the pilot operated check valve (C).

Activation of the emergency switch (E) cuts off current to the proportional valve and the solenoid valve (M).

Activation in this case is manual, but the result is the same as just described. Stopping or disconnecting the pump drive motor is another safety measure, if the system reaction time can be accepted.

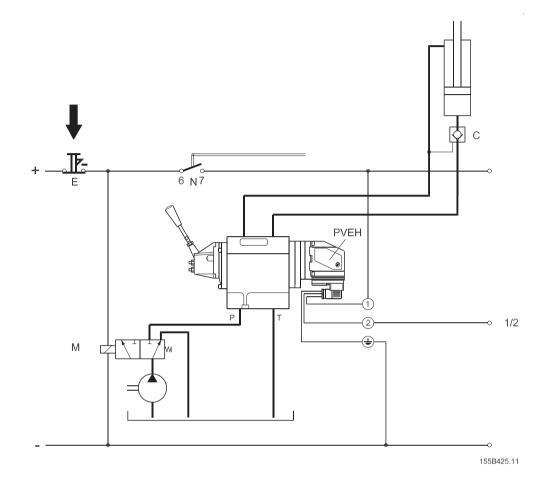
The neutral position switch in the remote control units should not be used. PVEH with fault monitoring must have a constant voltage supply.



SAUERPVG 120 Proportional Technical Information **PVG 120 Proportional Valve**

System Safety

2. **High Safety Demands**



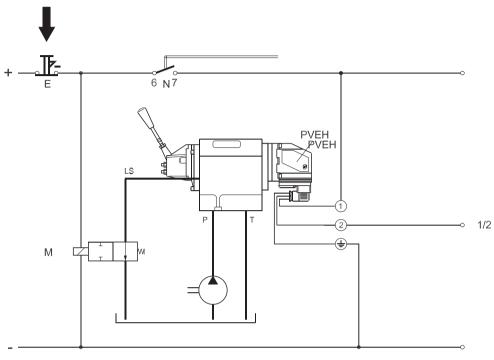
Compared with the safety method previously described (1) this is operator-dependent and includes a neutral position switch (N).

The neutral position switch cuts off current to the proportional valve automatically when the remote control lever is in neutral position. At the same time the neutral position switch cuts off fault monitoring in PVEH. So PVEH does not give a fault signal when for example the neutral positioning of the main spool fails.



System Safety

3. Average Safety Demands



155B427.11

The difference in method now is that the LS signal from the proportional valve is led direct to tank when the emergency switch (E) is activated. The diagram shows the method used in a system with a fixed displacement pump, i.e. with open centre version proportional valve.

Activation of the emergency switch makes the system pressure drop to 12-18 bar [175-260 psi].

For valve groups with oil flows > 180 l/min [47.6 US gal/min]) the system pressure drop to (20-26 bar [290-380 psi]

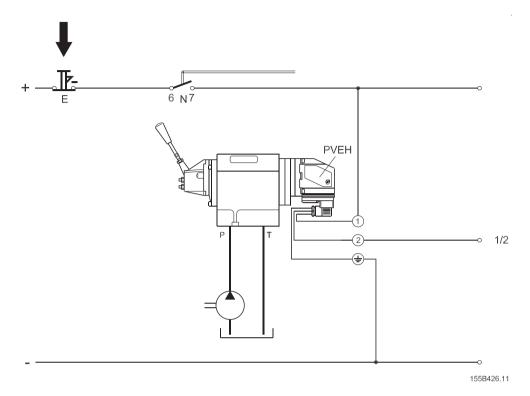
All functions requiring a higher operating pressure will stop. In LS systems with a variable displacement pump and closed centre proportional valve, the pressure after the LS relief depends on the pump stand-by pressure.

35



System Safety

4. Limited Safety Demands



This safety system can consist of an emergency switch (E) and a neutral position switch (N) if protection against electrical failure is the only requirement. Here, there is no protection against hydraulic and mechanical faults (e.g. spool seizure in extreme position).



Other Operating Conditions

Oil

The main duty of the oil in a hydraulic system is to transfer energy; but it must also lubricate the moving parts in hydraulic components, protect them against corrosion, and transport dirt particles and heat out of the system. It is therefore important to choose the correct oil with the correct additives. This gives problem-free operation and long working life.

Mineral oil

For systems with PVG 120 valves Sauer-Danfoss recommends the use of mineral-based hydraulic oil containing additives: Type H-LP (DIN 51524) or HM (ISO 6743/4).

Non-flammable fluids

Phosphate-esters (HFDR fluids) can be used without special precautions. However, dynamic seals must be replaced with FPM (Viton) seals. Please contact the Sauer-Danfoss Sales Organisation if the PVG 120 valve is to be used with phosphate-esters. The following fluids should only be used according to agreement with the Sales Organisation for Sauer-Danfoss:

- Water-glycol mixtures (HFC fluids)
- Water-oil emulsions (HFB fluids)
- · Oil-water emulsions (HFAE fluids)

Biodegradable oils

PVG 120 valves can be used in systems using rape-seed oil. The use of rape-seed oil is conditional on

- it complying with the demands on viscosity, temperature and filtration etc. (see chapters below and technical data page 9).
- the operating conditions being adapted to the recommendations of the oil supplier.

Before using other biodegradable fluids, please consult the Sauer-Danfoss Sales Organisation.

Particle Content, Degree of Contamination

Oil filtration must prevent the particle content from exceeding an acceptable level, i.e. an acceptable degree of contamination.

Maximum contamination for PVG 120 is 23/19/16 (see ISO 4406).

Calibration in accordance with the ACFTD method.

In our experience a degree of contamination of 23/19/16 can be maintained by using a filter fineness as described in the next section.



Other Operating Conditions

Filtering

Effective filtration is the most important precondition in ensuring that a hydraulic system performs reliably and has a long working life. Filter manufacturers issue instructions and recommendations. It is advisable to follow them.

System filters

Where demands for safety and reliability are very high a pressure filter with bypass and indicator is recommended. Experience shows that a 10 μ m nominal filter (or finer) or a 20 μ m absolute filter (or finer) is suitable.

It is our experience that a return filter is adequate in a purely mechanically operated valve system.

The fineness of a pressure filter must be selected as described by the filter manufacturer so that a particle level of 23/19/16 is not exceeded. See "Particle content, degree of contami-nation".

The filter must be fitted with pressure gauge or dirt indicator to make it possible to check the condition of the filter.

In systems with differential cylinders or accumulators the return filter must be sized to suit the max. return oil flow. Pressure filters must be fitted to suit max. pump oil flow.

Internal filters

The filters built into PVG 120 are not intended to filter the system but to protect important components against large particles.

Such particles can appear in the system as a result of pump damage, hose fracture, use of quick-couplings, filter damage, starting up, contamination, etc.

The filter that protects the pilot supply in the tank side module has a mesh of 125 μ m. It is obtainable as a spare part and is easy to replace.

The filter protecting the essential PVE parts has a mesh of 125 μ m.

Conversion Factors

1 Nm = 885.1 lbf·in 1 N = 22.48 lbf·in 1 bar = 14.50 psi 1 mm = 0.0394 in 1 cm³ = 0.061 in³ 1 I = 0.22 gallon, UK 1 I = 0.264 gallon, US °F = 1.8 • °C + 32



PVG 120 Proportional Valve SAUER PVG 120 Proportional Technical Information

Order Specification

Order Form

An order form for Sauer-Danfoss PVG 120 hydraulic valve is shown on next page. The form can be obtained from the Sauer-Danfoss Sales Organisation. The module selection chart on the next page and the order form are divided into fields.

Each module has its own field:

- PVP, pump side modules
- PVPD, PVPH and PVPE, accessory modules d:
- 1-8: PVB, basic modules
- PVBS, main spools
- PVBP, PVBR, PVBU and PVBC, accessory modules f:
- PVM, mechanical actuation
- PVMD, cover for mechanical operation c: PVH, cover for hydraulic operation PVEO and PVEH, electrical actuations
- PVLP, shock and suction valve
 - PVLA, suction valve
- PVT, tank side module
- 10: PVAS, assembly kit

Please state:

- · Code numbers of all modules required
- Required setting (p) for pump side module
- Required setting of LS_{A/B} pressure relief valves, if accessory module PVBR is ordered.



PVG 120 Proportional Valve Technical Information Order Specification

Order Form

Reordering

The space at the top right-hand corner of the form is for Sauer-Danfoss to fill in. The code number for the whole of the specified valve group (PVG No.) is entered here. In the event of a repeat order all you have to do is enter the number Sauer-Danfoss has given on the initial confirmation of order.

If PVG 120 is to be used with phosphate-esters this must be stated on the order form (see also page 37, "Non-flammable fluids").

PVG 120 Specification Sheet

		- promotion of the contract of
ı	Subsidiary / Dealer	PVG No.
ı		
ı		
ı	Customer	Customer No.
ı	Customer	Customer No.
ı		
ı		
ı	Application	Revision No.
ı	Application	TOVISION NO.
ı		
ı		

Function	A-Port	0	155G	155G			B-Port
			p =	bar			
	a 155G	1	155G	155G	е	155G	c
	b 155G	f	155G	LS _{AB}	bar	155G	b
	a 155G	2	155G	155G	е	155G	С
	b 155G	f	155G	LS _{AB}	bar	155G	b
	a 155G	3	155G	155G	е	155G	С
	b 155G	f	155G	LS _{AB}	bar	155G	b
	a 155G	4	155G	155G	е	155G	С
	b 155G	f	155G	LS _{AB}	bar	155G	b
	a 155G	5	155G	155G	е	155G	С
	b 155G	f	155G	LS _{AB}	bar	155G	b
	a 155G	6	155G	155G	е	155G	С
	b 155G	f	155G	LS _{AB}	bar	155G	b
	a 155G	7	155G	155G	е	155G	С
	b 155G	f	155G	LS _{AB}	bar	155G	b
	a 155G	8	155G	155G	е	155G	c
	b 155G	f	155G	LS _{AB}	bar	155G	b
Remarks	-	9	155G				
		10	155G				
		11	155G				

Filled in by	Date
Timod in Dy	Date

991L1868 ver. 03.2002

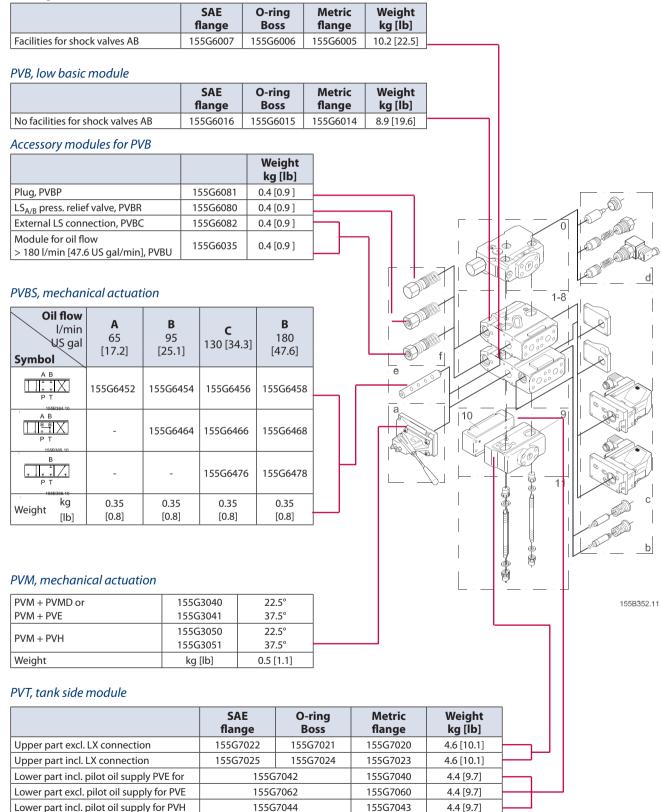


Notes



Module Selection Chart

PVB, high basic module





PVG 120 Proportional Valve

Module Selection Chart

PVP, pump side module

Accessory modules for open centre PVP

		O-ring Boss	SAE flange	Metric flange	Weight kg [lb]
	Excl. PVPD, PVPH, PVPE	155G5023	155G5037	155G5021	10.0 [22.1]
Open centre	For PVB-oil flow > 180 l/ min [47.6 US gal/min] Excl. PVPD, PVPH, PVPE	155G5028	155G5029	155G5027	10.0 [22.1]
Closed	Incl. pressure relief valve and plug PVPD	155G5022	155G5038	155G5020	10.2 [22.5]
centre	Excl. pressure relief valve	155G5031	155G5032	155G5030	11.0 [24.3]

11

			Weight kg [lb]
Plug, PVPD		155G5041	0.4 [0.9]
Hydraulic relie valve, PVH	f	155G5061	0.5 [1.1]
Electrical	12 V	155G5052	0.7 [1.5]
relief valve, PVPE	24 V	155G5054	0.7 [1.5]

	Weight kg [lb]
155G4061	0.3 [0.7]

PVMD, cover for PVM

PVH, cover for PVRHH

		Weight kg [lb]
1/2 in - 20 UNF	155G4021	0.4 [0.9]
G 1/4	155G4022	0.4 [0.9]

Electrical actuation PVE

PVLA suction valve A/B

[lb]

Weight

155G1065 0.2

[0.4]

Connector		PV 11-: Fault mo	32 V	PVEO		
		Active	Passive	12 V 24 V		
Hirschmann		155G4092	155G4093	155G4272	155G4274	
AMP		155G4094	155G4095	155G4282	155G4284	
Weight	kg	1.25	1.25	1.0	1.0	
weight	[lb]	[2.76]	[2.76]	[2.2]	[2.2]	

PVLP, shock and suction valve A/B

Pressure setting

bar	[psi]	
50	[725]	155G0050
75	[1100]	155G0075
100	1450	155G0100
125	1800	155G0125
150	2200	155G0150
175	2550	155G0175
200	2900	155G0200
225	3250	155G0225
250	3650	155G0250
275	4000	155G0275
300	4350	155G0300
325	4700	155G0325

5100 5400

5800

kg

[lb]

375 400

Weight

PVAS, assembly kit

PVB's		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		155G8031	155G8032	155G8033	155G8034	155G8035	155G8036	155G8037	155G8038
Weight	kg	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.9	2.1
	[lb]	[1.8]	[2.2]	[2.4]	[2.6]	[3.1]	[3.7]	[4.2]	[4.6]

155B352.11

155G0350

155G0375

155G0400

0.175

[0.386]



Our Products

Open circuit axial piston pumps

Gear pumps and motors

Fan drive systems

Closed circuit axial piston pumps and motors

Bent axis motors

Hydrostatic transmissions

Transit mixer drives

Hydrostatic transaxles

Electrohydraulics

Integrated systems

Microcontrollers and software

PLUS+1™ GUIDE

Displays

Joysticks and control handles

Sensors

Orbital motors

Inverters

Electrohydraulic power steering

Hydraulic power steering

Hydraulic integrated circuits (HIC)

Cartridge valves

Directional spool valves

Proportional valves

Sauer-Danfoss Hydraulic Power Systems – Market Leaders Worldwide

Sauer-Danfoss is a comprehensive supplier providing complete systems to the global mobile market.

Sauer-Danfoss serves markets such as agriculture, construction, road building, material handling, municipal, forestry, turf care, and many others.

We offer our customers optimum solutions for their needs and develop new products and systems in close cooperation and partnership with them.

Sauer-Danfoss specializes in integrating a full range of system components to provide vehicle designers with the most advanced total system design.

Sauer-Danfoss provides comprehensive worldwide service for its products through an extensive network of Authorized Service Centers strategically located in all parts of the world.

Local address:

Sauer-Danfoss (US) Company 2800 East 13th Street Ames, IA 50010, USA Phone: +1 515 239-6000

Fax: +1 515 239 6618

Sauer-Danfoss GmbH & Co. OHG Postfach 2460, D-24531 Neumünster Krokamp 35, D-24539 Neumünster, Germany

Phone: +49 4321 871-0 Fax: +49 4321 871 122 Sauer-Danfoss ApS DK-6430 Nordborg, Denmark Phone: +45 7488 4444 Fax: +45 7488 4400

Sauer-Danfoss-Daikin LTD Sannomiya Grand Bldg. 8F 2-2-21 Isogami-dori, Chuo-ku Kobe, Hyogo 651-0086, Japan Phone: +81 78 231 5001 Fax: +81 78 231 5004